

## Answer the following problems with as much detail, explanation, and work that is appropriate.

1. Use the formula to find the average rate of change for $f(x)=x^{3}$ on the intervals
a. $[0,1]$
b. $[-1,1]$
c. $[-1,2]$
2. Show these rates of change for $f(x)=x^{3}$ graphically for each of the intervals above by drawing the secant lines on the graph to the right.
 Explain how these lines relate to the rates of change in \#1

Find the average rate of change of each function on the interval specified.
3. $f(x)=x+3$ on $[4,5]$
4. $g(x)=x^{2}+4 \quad$ on $[1,4]$
5. $h(x)=x^{2}+2 x$ on $[-5,-3]$
6. $p(t)=\frac{x^{3}-2 x}{x^{2}+1}$ on $[-2,1]$

Find the average rate of change of each function on the interval specified. Your answers will be expressions involving a parameter ( $b$ or $h$ ).
7. $f(x)=x^{3}-3 x$ on $[4, b]$
8. $g(x)=3 x^{2}-2$ on $[x, x+h]$
9. Graph $h(x)=x^{5}+5 x^{4}+10 x^{3}+10 x^{2}-1$ on your calculator.
a. Find all the local extrema of the function and state what type it is.
b. Find the increasing intervals.
c. Find the decreasing intervals.
d. Challenge: Define all the intervals that are concave up and concave down. Approximate inflection points.

